### ARTICLE XXVI WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS TOWERS

# Sec. 26.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of this Article is to establish general guidelines for the siting of wireless communications towers and antennas. The goals of the article are to:

- protect residential zoning districts from potential adverse impacts of towers and antennas;
- (2) encourage the location of towers in non-residential areas;
- (3) minimize the total number of towers throughout the community;
- strongly encourage the joint use of new and existing tower sites as a primary option rather than construction of additional single-use towers;
- (5) encourage users of towers and antennas to locate them, to the extent possible, in areas where the adverse impact on aesthetics in this tourism based community is minimal;
- (6) encourage users of towers and antennas to configure them in a way that minimizes the adverse visual impact of the towers and antennas through careful design, siting, landscape screening, and innovative camouflaging techniques;
- (7) enhance the ability of the providers of telecommunication services to provide such services to the community quickly, effectively, and efficiently;
- (8) consider the public health and safety of communication towers; and
- (9) avoid potential damage to adjacent properties from tower failure through engineering and careful siting of tower structures. In furtherance of these goals, due consideration shall be given to the Benzie County master plan, zoning map, existing land uses, and environmentally sensitive areas in approving sites for the location of towers and antennas.

## Sec. 26.2 DEFINITIONS

As used in this ordinance, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

A. <u>Alternative tower structure</u> means man-made trees, clock towers, water towers, bell steeples, light poles and similar alternative - design mounting structures that camouflage or conceal the presence of antennas or towers.

B. <u>Antenna</u> means any exterior transmitting or receiving device mounted on a tower, building or structure and used in communications that radiate or capture electromagnetic waves, digital signals, analog signals, radio frequencies (excluding radar signals), wireless telecommunications signals or other communication signals.

C. <u>Backhaul network</u> means the lines that connect a provider's towers/cell sites to one or more cellular telephone switching offices, and/or long distance providers, or the public switched telephone network.

D. <u>FAA</u> means the Federal Aviation Administration.

E. <u>FCC</u> means the Federal Communications Commission.

F. <u>Height</u> means, when referring to a tower or other structure, the distance measured from the finished grade of the parcel to the highest point on the tower or other structure, including the base pad and any antenna.

G. <u>Preexisting towers and preexisting antennas</u> means any tower or antenna for which a permit has been properly issued prior to the effective date of this ordinance, including permitted towers or antennas that have not yet been constructed so long as such approval is current and not expired.

H. <u>Tower</u> means any structure that is designed and constructed primarily for the purpose of supporting one or more antennas for telephone, radio and similar communication purposes, including self-supporting lattice towers, guyed towers, or monopole towers. The term includes radio and television transmission towers, microwave towers, common-carrier towers, cellular telephone towers, alternative tower structures, and the like. The term includes the structure and any support thereto.

I. <u>Tower Park</u> means an area where multiple towers may be approved, by the Planning Commission, to be clustered, subject to engineering limitations.

# Sec. 26.3 APPLICABILITY

A. <u>New Towers and Antennas</u>. All new towers or antennas in Crystal Lake Township shall be subject to these regulations, except as provided in Sec. 26.3 B through D inclusive.

 B. <u>Amateur Radio Station Operators/Receive Only Antennas</u>. This ordinance shall not govern any tower, or the installation of any antenna, that is under seventy (70) feet in height and is owned and operated by a federally-licensed amateur radio station operator or is use exclusively for receive only antennas.

C. <u>Preexisting Towers or Antennas</u>. Preexisting towers and preexisting antennas shall not be required to meet the requirements of this ordinance, other than the requirements of Secs. 26.4F and G.

D. <u>AM Array</u>. For purposes of implementing this ordinance, an AM array, consisting of one or more tower units and supporting ground system which functions as one AM broadcasting antenna, shall be considered one tower. Measurements for setbacks and separation distances shall be measured from the outer perimeter of the towers included in the AM array. Additional tower units may be added within the perimeter of the AM array by right.

### Sec. 26.4 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. <u>Principal or Accessory Use</u>. Antennas and towers may be considered either principal or accessory uses. A different existing use of an existing structure on the same lot shall not preclude the installation of an antenna or tower on such lot.

B. <u>Lot Size</u>. For purposes of determining whether the installation of a tower or antenna complies with district development regulations, including but not limited to setback requirements, lot-coverage requirements, and other such requirements, the dimensions of the entire lot shall control, even through the antennas or towers may be located on leased parcels within such lot.

C. <u>Inventory of Existing Sites</u>. Each applicant for an antenna and/or tower shall provide to the Zoning Administrator an inventory of its existing towers, antennas, or sites approved for towers or antennas, that are either within Crystal Lake Township, or within one mile of the border thereof, including specific information about the location, height, design, and occupancy of each tower. The Zoning Administrator may share such information with other applicants applying for administrative approvals or special use permits under this ordinance or other organizations seeking to locate antennas within the Township, provided, however that the Zoning Administrator is not, by sharing such information, in any way representing or warranting that such sites are available or suitable.

D. <u>Aesthetics</u>. Towers and antennas shall meet the following requirements:

1. Towers shall either maintain a galvanized steel finish or, subject to any applicable standards of the FAA, be painted a neutral color so as to reduce visual obtrusiveness.

2. At a tower site, the design of the buildings and related structures shall, to the extent possible, use conventional materials, colors, textures, screening, and landscaping that will blend them into the natural setting and surrounding buildings.

3. If an antenna is installed on a structure other than a tower, the antenna and supporting electrical and mechanical equipment must be of a neutral color that is identical to, or closely compatible with, the color of the supporting structure so as to make the antenna and related equipment as visually unobtrusive as possible.

4. Wherever possible, towers shall be located away from, and out of view from, arterial roads to preserve the fragile aesthetics of the tourism based economy of Crystal Lake Township.

E. <u>Lighting</u>. Towers shall not be artificially lighted, unless required by the FAA or other applicable authority. If lighting is required, the lighting alternatives and design chosen must cause the least disturbance to the surrounding views. Lighting required for maintenance must be shielded and directed downward, and only used when necessary.

F. <u>State or Federal Requirements</u>. All towers must meet or exceed current standards and regulations of the FAA, the FCC, and any other agency of the state or federal government with the authority to regulate towers and antennas. If such standards and regulations are changed, then the owners of the towers and antennas governed by this ordinance shall bring such towers and antennas into compliance with such revised standards and regulations, unless a different compliance schedule is mandated by the controlling state or federal agency. Failure to bring towers and antennas into compliance with such revised standards and regulations, unless a different compliance schedule is mandated by the controlling state or federal agency. Failure to bring towers and antennas into compliance with such revised standards and regulations shall constitute grounds for the removal of the tower or antenna at the owner's expense.

G. <u>Building Codes; Safety Standards</u>. To ensure the structural integrity of towers, the owner of a tower shall ensure that it is maintained in compliance with standards contained in applicable state or local building codes and the original standards under which the tower was designed in Compliance with the Electronic Industries Association (EIA), as amended from time to time. If, upon inspection, the Township concludes that a tower fails to comply with such codes and standards and constitutes a danger to persons or property, then upon notice being provided to the owner of the tower, the owner shall have thirty (30) days to bring such tower into compliance with such standards. Failure to bring such tower into compliance within said thirty (30) days shall constitute grounds for the removal of the tower and antenna at the owner's expense.

H. <u>Measurement</u>. For purposes of measurement, tower setbacks and separation distances shall be calculated and applied to facilities located anywhere in the Township irrespective of jurisdictional boundaries.

I. <u>Not Essential Services</u>. Towers and antennas shall be regulated and permitted pursuant to this Article and shall not be regulated or permitted as essential services, public utilities, or private utilities.

J. <u>Franchises</u>. Owners and/or operators of towers or antennas shall certify that all franchises required by law for the construction and/or operation of a wireless communication system in the Township have been obtained and shall file a copy of all required franchises with the Zoning Administrator.

K. <u>Public Notice</u>. For purposes of this Article, any special land use request, variance request, or appeal of an administrative decision shall require public notice to all property owners within three hundred (300) feet of the subject property in accordance with Articles XIV and XXIII.

L. <u>Signs</u>. No signs shall be allowed on an antenna or tower.

M. <u>Buildings and Support Equipment</u>. Buildings and support equipment associated with antennas or towers shall comply with the requirements of Sec. 26.8.

N. <u>Multiple Antenna/Tower Plan</u>. The Township encourages the users of towers and antennas to submit a single application for approval of multiple towers or tower parks and/or antenna sites. Applications for approval of multiple sites or tower parks shall be given priority in the review process.

O. <u>Grounding</u>. Antennas and metal towers shall be grounded for protection against a direct strike by lightning according to EIA standards.

### Sec. 26.5 PERMITTED USES

A. <u>General</u>. The uses listed in this Section are deemed to be permitted uses and may be installed without formal approval.

B. <u>Permitted Uses</u>. Antennas located on public property provided a license or lease authorizing such antenna has been approved by the Township and/or the legislative body having jurisdiction over the location.

## Sec. 26.6 ADMINISTRATIVELY APPROVED USES

A. <u>General</u>. The following provisions shall govern the issuance of administrative approvals for towers and antennas:

1. The Zoning Administrator, after an administrative hearing in

accordance with the Minor Special Land Use provisions of Article XIV of this Ordinance, may approve the uses listed in this section.

2. Each applicant for administrative approval shall apply to the Zoning Administrator providing the information set forth in Secs. 26.7B1 and 26.7B3 of this ordinance and a nonrefundable fee as established by the Board of Trustees to reimburse the Township for the costs of reviewing the application.

3. The Zoning Administrator shall review the application for administrative approval and determine if the proposed use complies with Secs. 26.4, 26.7B4 and 5.

4. The Zoning Administrator shall respond to each such application within sixty (60) days after receiving it by either approving or denying the application. If the Zoning Administrator fails to respond to the applicant within said sixty (60) days, then the applications shall be deemed to be approved.

5. In connection with any such administrative approval, the Zoning Administrator may, in order to encourage shared use, administratively waive any zoning district setback requirements in Sec. 26.7B4 or separation distances between towers in Sec. 26.7B5 by up to fifty (50) percent.

6. In connection with any such administrative approval, the Zoning Administrator may, in order to encourage the use of monopoles, administratively allow the reconstruction of an existing tower to monopole construction.

7. If an administrative approval is denied, the applicant shall file an application for a special land use permit hearing by the Planning Commission, pursuant to Sec. 26.7, prior to filing any other appeal that may be available under the Zoning Ordinance.

B. <u>List of Administratively Approved Uses</u>. The following uses may be administratively approved by the Zoning Administrator after conductingan administrative hearing:

1. Locating a tower or antenna, including the placement of additional buildings or other supporting equipment used in connection with said tower or antenna, in the light industrial(LI) or commercial (C-1) zoning district.

2. Locating antennas on existing structures or towers consistent with the terms of subsections "a." and 'b." below.

a. Antennas On Existing Structures. Any antenna which is not attached to a tower may be approved by the Zoning Administrator as an accessory use to any commercial, industrial or institutional structure, provided:

(1) The antenna does not extend more than thirty(30) feet above the highest point of the structure;

(2) The antenna complies with all applicable FCC and FAA regulations; and

(3) The antenna complies with all applicable building codes.

b. Antennas On Existing Towers. An antenna which is to be attached to an existing tower may be administratively approved by the Zoning Administrator. Collocation of antennas by more than one carrier on existing towers shall take precedence over the construction of new towers, provided such collocation is accomplished in a manner consistent with the following:

- (1) A tower which is modified or reconstructed to accommodate the collocation of an additional antenna shall be of the same tower type as the existing tower, unless the Zoning Administrator allows reconstruction as a monopole.
- (2) Height

(a) An existing tower may be modified or rebuilt to accommodate the collocation of an additional antenna to a taller height, not to exceed thirty (30) feet over the tower's existing height and not to exceed a total height of one hundred ninety-nine (199) feet.

(b) The height change referred to in subsection(2a.) may only occur one time per communication tower.

(c) The additional height referred to in subsection (2a.) shall not require an additional distance separation as set forth in Sec. 26.7. The tower's pre-modification height shall be used to calculate such distance separations.

(3) Onsite location

(a) A tower which is being rebuilt to accommodate the collocation of an additional antenna may be moved onsite within fifty (50) feet of its existing location.

(b) After the tower is rebuilt to accommodate collocation only one tower may remain on the site.

(c) A relocated onsite tower shall continue to be measured from the original tower location for purposes of calculating separation distances between towers pursuant to Sec.
26.7B5. The relocation of a tower hereunder shall in no way be deemed to cause a violation of Sec. 26.7B5.

(d) The onsite relocation of a tower which comes within the separation distances to residential structures or residentially zoned districts as established in Sec. 26.7B5 shall only be permitted when approved by the Zoning Administrator.

3. New Towers In Non-residential Zoning Districts. Locating any new tower in a non-residential zoning district other than industrial or commercial, provided a licensed professional engineer certifies the tower can structurally accommodate the number of shared users proposed by the applicant; the Zoning Administrator concludes the tower is in conformity with the goals set forth in Sec. 26.1 and the requirements of Sec. 26.4; the tower meets the setback requirements in Sec. 26.7B4 and separation distances in Sec. 26.7B5, and the tower meets the following height and usage criteria:

a. for a single user, up to ninety (90) feet in height;

b. for two users, up to one hundred twenty (120) feet in height; and

c. for three or more users, up to one hundred fifty (150) feet in height.

4. Locating any alternative tower structure in a zoning district other than industrial or commercial that in the judgment of the Zoning Administrator is in conformity with the goals set forth in Sec. 26.1 of this ordinance.

5. Installing a cable microcell network through the use of multiple low-powered transmitters/receivers attached to existing wireline systems, such as conventional cable or telephone wires, or similar technology that does not require the use of towers.

#### Sec. 26.7 SPECIAL LAND USE PERMITS

A. <u>General</u>. The following provisions shall govern the issuance of special land use permits for towers or antennas by the Planning Commission:

1. If the tower or antenna is not a permitted use under Sec. 26.5 of this ordinance or permitted to be approved administratively pursuant to Sec. 26.6 of this ordinance, then a special land use permit shall be required for the construction of a tower or the placement of an antenna in all zoning districts.

2. Applications for special land use permits under this Section shall be subject to the procedures and requirements of Major Special Land Use Permits in accordance with Article XIV of this Ordinance, except as modified in this Section.

3. In granting a special land use permit, the Planning Commission may impose conditions to the extent the Planning Commission concludes such conditions are necessary to minimize any adverse effect of the proposed tower on adjoining properties.

4. Information of an engineering nature that the applicant submits, whether civil, mechanical, or electrical, shall be certified by a licensed professional engineer.

5. An applicant for a special land use permit shall submit the information described in this Section and a non-refundable fee as established by the Board of Trustees to reimburse the Township for the costs of reviewing the application.

### B. <u>Towers</u>.

1. Information Required. In addition to any information required for applications for special land use permits pursuant to Article XIV

of this Ordinance, applicants for a special land use permit for a tower shall submit the following information:

a. A scaled site plan clearly indicating the location, type and height of the proposed tower, on-site land uses and zoning, adjacent land uses and zoning (including when adjacent to other municipalities), all properties within the applicable separation distances set forth in Sec. 26.7B5, adjacent roadways, proposed means of access, setbacks from property lines, elevation drawings of the proposed tower and any other structures, topography, parking, and other information deemed by the Zoning Administrator to be necessary to assess compliance with this Ordinance.

b. Legal description and parcel number of the parent tract and leased parcel (if applicable).

c. The setback distance between the proposed tower and the nearest residential structure or platted or unplatted residentially zoned properties.

d. The separation distance from other towers described in the inventory of existing sites submitted pursuant to Sec. 26.4C shall be shown on an updated site plan or map. The applicant shall also identify the type of construction of the existing tower(s) and the owner/operator and occupancy of the existing tower(s), if known.

e. A landscape plan showing specific landscape materials.

f. Method of fencing, finished color and, if applicable, the method of camouflage and/or illumination.

g. Description of compliance with Secs. 26.4C, D, E, F, G, J, L, and M, and 26.7B4 and 5.

h. A notarized statement by the applicant as to whether construction of the tower will accommodate collocation of additional antennas for future users.

i. Identification of the entities providing the backhaul network for the tower(s) described in the application and other cellular sites owned or operated by the applicant in the Township or within one (1) mile of the border thereof. j. A description of the suitability of the use of existing towers, other structures or alternative technology not requiring the use of towers or structures to provide the services to be provided through the use of the proposed new tower.

k. A description of the feasible location(s) of future towers or antennas within the Township based upon existing physical, engineering, technological or geographical limitations in the event the proposed tower is erected.

2. Factors Considered in Granting Special Land Use Permits for Towers. In addition to any standards for consideration of special land use permit applications pursuant to Article XIV of this Ordinance, the Planning Commission shall consider thefollowing factors in determining whether to issue a special land use permit, although the Planning Commission may waive or reduce the burden on the applicant of one or more of these criteria if the Planning Commission concludes that the goals of this ordinance are better served thereby:

a. Height of the proposed tower;

b. Proximity of the tower to residential structures and residential district boundaries;

c. Nature of uses on adjacent and nearby properties;

d. Surrounding topography;

e. Surrounding tree coverage and foliage;

f. Design of the tower, with particular reference to design characteristics that have the effect to reducing or eliminating visual obtrusiveness;

g. Proposed ingress and egress; and

h. Availability of suitable existing towers, other structures, or alternative technologies not requiring the use of roof towers or structures, as discussed in Sec. 26.7B3 of this Ordinance.

3. Availability of Suitable Existing Towers, Other Structures, or Alternative Technology. No new tower shall be permitted unless the applicant demonstrates to the reasonable satisfaction of the Planning Commission that no existing tower, structure or alternative technology that does not require the use of towers or structures can accommodate the applicant's proposed antenna. An applicant shall submit information requested by the Planning Commission related to the availability of suitable existing towers, other structures or alternative technology. Evidence submitted to demonstrate that no existing tower, structure or alternative technology can accommodate the applicant's proposed antenna may consist of any of the following:

a. No existing towers or structures are located within the geographic area which meet applicant's engineering requirements.

b. Existing towers or structures are not of sufficient height to meet applicant's engineering requirements.

c. Existing towers or structures do not have sufficient structural strength to support applicant's proposed antenna and related equipment.

d. The applicant's proposed antenna would cause electromagnetic interference with the antenna on the existing towers or structures, or the antenna on the existing towers or structures would cause interference with the applicant's proposed antenna.

e. The fees, costs, or contractual provisions required by the owner in order to share an existing tower or structure or to adapt an existing tower or structure for sharing are unreasonable. Costs exceeding new tower development are presumed to be unreasonable.

f. The applicant demonstrates that there are other limiting factors that render existing towers and structures unsuitable.

g. The applicant demonstrates that an alternative technology that does not require the use of towers or structures, such as a cable microcell network using multiple low-powered transmitters/receivers attached to a wireline system, is unsuitable. Costs of alternative technology that exceed new tower or antenna development shall not be presumed to render the technology unsuitable.

4. Setbacks. The following setback requirements shall apply to

all towers for which a special land use permit is required; provided, however, that the Planning Commission may reduce the standard setback requirements if the goals of this ordinance would be better served thereby:

a. Towers must be set back a distance equal to at least the height of the tower from any adjoining lot line.

b. Guys and accessory buildings must satisfy the minimum zoning district setback requirements.

5. Separation. The following separation requirements shall apply to all towers and antennas for which a special land use permit is required; provided, however, that the Planning Commission may reduce the standard separation requirements if the goals of this Ordinance would be better served thereby.

> a. Separation from off-site uses/designated areas. Tower separation shall be measured from the base of the tower to the nearest off-site residential structure and/or designated areas as specified in Table 1.

Table 1:

Off-site Use/Designated Area Separation Distance:

Single-family or two(2) family residential units <sup>1</sup>	200 feet or 300% height of tower	whichever is greater
Vacant single-family or two(2) family residentially zoned land which is either platted or has preliminary subdivision plan approval which is not expired <sup>2</sup>	200 feet or 300% height of tower whichever is greater	
Vacant unplatted residentially zoned lands <sup>3</sup>	100 feet or 100% height of tower plus the required setback of the district of location, whichever is greater	
Existing multi-family residential units.	200 feet or 300% height of tower, whichever is greater	
Non-residentially zoned lands or non- residential uses	None; only setbacks apply	

<sup>1</sup>Includes modular homes and mobile homes used for living purposes.

<sup>2</sup>Separation measured from base of tower to the nearest lot line.

<sup>3</sup>Includes any unplatted residential use properties without a valid preliminary

subdivision plan or valid development plan approval and any multi-family residentially zoned land.

b. Except as provided for in Sec. 26.2I and Sec. 26.4N separation distances between towers shall be applicable for and measured between the proposed tower and preexisting towers. The separation distances shall be measured by drawing or following a straight line between the base of the existing tower and the proposed base, pursuant to a site plan, of the proposed tower. The separation distances (listed in linear feet) shall be as shown in Table 2, except where engineering studies show incompatibility.

Lattice	5,000'	5,000'	1,500'	750'
Guyed	5,000'	5,000'	1,500'	750'
Monopole 75 Ft in Height or Greater	1,500'	1,500'	1,500'	750'
Monopole Less Than 75 Ft in Height	750'	750'	750'	750'

6. Security Fencing. Towers shall be enclosed by security fencing not less than six (6) feet in height and shall also be equipped with an appropriate anti-climbing device; provided however, that the Planning Commission may waive such requirements, as it deems appropriate.

7. Landscaping. The following requirements shall govern the landscaping surrounding towers for which a special land use permit is required; provided, however, that the Planning Commission may waive such requirements if the goals of this ordinance would be better served thereby.

a. Tower facilities shall be landscaped with a buffer strip of plant materials at least ten (10) feet wide and of sufficient height to effectively screen the view of the tower compound from property used for residences.

b. In locations where the visual impact of the tower would be minimal, the landscaping requirement may be

reduced or waived.

c. Existing mature tree growth and natural land forms on the site shall be preserved to the maximum extent possible. In some cases, such as towers sited on large, wooded lots, natural growth around the property perimeter may be sufficient buffer.

#### Sec. 26.8. BUILDINGS OR OTHER EQUIPMENT STORAGE

A. <u>Antennas Mounted on Structures or Rooftops</u>. The equipment cabinet or structure used in association with antennas shall comply with the following:

1. The cabinet or structure shall not contain more than two hundred (200) square feet of gross floor area or be more than ten (10) feet in height. In addition, for buildings and structures which are less than forty (40) feet in height, the related unmanned equipment structure, if over one hundred (100) square feet of gross floor area or nine (9) feet in height, shall be located on the ground and shall not be located on the roof of the structure. Where antennas are collocated on a single tower, the size of the structure may be increased by fifty (50) percent of the basic size allowed for each additional antenna.

2. If the equipment structure is located on the roof of a building, the area of the equipment structure and other equipment and structures shall not occupy more than twenty five (25) percent of the roof area.

3. Equipment storage buildings or cabinets shall comply with all applicable building codes.

B. <u>Antennas Mounted on Utility Poles or Light Poles</u>. The equipment cabinet or structure used in association with antennas shall be located in accordance with the following:

1. In residential districts, the equipment cabinet or structure may be located:

a. In a front or side yard provided the cabinet or structure is no greater than nine (9) feet in height or two hundred (200) square feet of gross floor area and the cabinet/structure meets minimum setback requirements from all lot lines. The cabinet\structure shall be screened by an evergreen hedge with an ultimate height of at least six (6) feet and a planted height of at least three (3) feet.

b. In a rear yard, provided the cabinet or structure is no greater than ten (10) feet in height or three hundred (300) square feet in gross floor area. The cabinet\structure shall be screened by an evergreen hedge with an ultimate height of eight (8) feet and a planted height of at least three (3) feet.

2. In commercial or industrial districts the equipment cabinet or structure shall be no greater than ten (10) feet in height or four hundred (400) square feet in gross floor area. The structure or cabinet shall be screened by an evergreen hedge with an ultimate height of eight (8) feet and a planted height of at least three (3) feet. In all other instances, structures or cabinets shall be screened from view of all residential properties which abut or are directly across the street from the structure or cabinet by a solid fence six (6) feet in height or an evergreen hedge with an ultimate height of eight (8) feet and a planted height of at least three (3) feet.

C. <u>Antennas Located on Towers</u>. The related unmanned equipment structure shall not contain more than three hundred (300) square feet of gross floor area or be more than ten (10) feet in height, and shall be located in accordance with the minimum yard requirements of the zoning district in which located.

D. <u>Modification of Building Size Requirements</u>. The requirements of Secs. 26.8A through C may be modified by the Zoning Administrator in the case of administratively approved uses or by the Planning Commission in the case of uses permitted by special land use to encourage collocation.

### Sec. 26.9 REMOVAL OF ABANDONED ANTENNAS AND TOWERS

Any antenna or tower that is not operated for a continuous period of twelve (12) months shall be considered abandoned, and the owner of such antenna or tower shall remove the same within ninety (90) days of receipt of notice from the Township notifying the owner of such abandonment. Failure to remove an abandoned antenna or tower within said ninety (90) days shall be grounds to remove the tower or antenna at the owner's expense. If there are two or more users of a single tower, then this provision shall not become effective until all users cease using the tower.

### Sec. 26.10 NONCONFORMING USES

A. <u>Not Expansion of Nonconforming Use</u>. Towers that are constructed, and antennas that are installed, in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance shall not be deemed to constitute the expansion of a nonconforming use or structure.

B. <u>Preexisting Towers</u>. Preexisting towers shall be allowed to continue their usage as they presently exist. Routine maintenance (including replacement with a new tower of like construction and height) shall be permitted on such preexisting towers. New construction other than routine maintenance on a preexisting tower shall comply with the requirements of this ordinance.

C. <u>Rebuilding Damaged or Destroyed Nonconforming Towers</u> <u>or Antennas</u>. Notwithstanding Sec. 26.9, bona fide nonconforming towers or antennas that are damaged or destroyed may be rebuilt without having to first obtain administrative approval or a special land use permit and without having to meet the separation requirements specified in Secs. 26.7B4 and 5. The type, height, and location of the tower onsite shall be of the same type and intensity as the original facility approval. Building permits to rebuild the facility shall comply with the then applicable building codes and shall be obtained within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date the facility is damaged or destroyed. If no permit is obtained or if said permit expires, the tower or antenna shall be deemed abandoned as specified in Sec. 26.9.